503 STUDENT ATTENDANCE

I. PURPOSE

- A. The School Board believes that regular school attendance is directly related to success in academic work, benefits students socially, provides opportunities for important communications between teachers and students, and establishes regular habits of dependability important to the future of the student. The purpose of this policy is to encourage regular school attendance.
- B. This policy also recognizes that class attendance is a joint responsibility to be shared by the student, parent or guardian, teacher, and administrators. This policy will assist students in attending class.

Legal References:	 Minn. Stat. § 120A.05 (Definitions) Minn. Stat. § 120A.22 (Compulsory Instruction) Minn. Stat. § 120A.24 (Reporting) Minn. Stat. § 120A.26 (Enforcement and Prosecution) Minn. Stat. § 120A.28 (School Boards and Teachers, Duties) Minn. Stat. § 120A.28 (School Boards and Teachers, Duties) Minn. Stat. § 120A.30 (Attendance Officers) Minn. Stat. § 120A.34 (Violations; Penalties) Minn. Stat. § 121A.40-121A.56 (Pupil Fair Dismissal Act) Minn. Stat. § 260A.02 (Definitions) Minn. Stat. § 260A.03 (Notice to Parent or Guardian When Child is Continuing Truant) Minn. Stat. § 260C.007, Subd. 19 (Habitual Truant Defined) Minn. Stat. § 260C.201 (Dispositions; Children in Need of Protection or Services or Neglected and in Foster Care) <i>Goss v. Lopez</i>, 419 U.S. 565, 95 S.Ct. 729 (1975) Slocum v. Holton Board of Education, 429 N.W.2d 607 (Mich. App. Ct. 1988) <i>Campbell v. Board of Education of New Milford</i>, 475 A.2d 289 (Conn. 1984) Hamer v. Board of Education of Township High School District No. 113, 66 Ill. App.3d 7, 383 N.E.2d 231 (1978) <i>Gutierrez v. School District R-L</i>, 585 P.2d 935 (Co. Ct. App. 1978)
	66 III. App.3d 7, 383 N.E.2d 231 (1978) Gutierrez v. School District R-1, 585 P.2d 935 (Co. Ct. App. 1978) Knight v. Board of Education, 38 III. App. 3d 603, 348 N.E.2d 299 (1976) Dorsey v. Bale, 521 S.W.2d 76 (Ky. 1975)
Cross Poforoncos.	MSBA/MASA Model Policy 506 (Student Discipline)

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Adopted with revision from MSB Model Policy 503, Orig. 1995, Rev. 2009, 2011, 2014

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II. GENERAL STATEMENT OF POLICY

A. <u>Responsibilities</u>

1. <u>Student's Responsibility</u>

It is the student's right to be in school. It is also the student's responsibility to attend all assigned classes and study halls every day that school is in session and to be aware of and follow the correct procedures when absent from an assigned class or study hall. Finally, it is the student's responsibility to request any missed assignments due to an absence.

2. Parent or Guardian's Responsibility

It is the responsibility of the student's parent or guardian to ensure the student is attending school, to inform the school in the event of a student absence, and to work cooperatively with the school and the student to solve any attendance problems that may arise.

3. <u>Teacher's Responsibility</u>

It is the teacher's responsibility to take daily attendance and to maintain accurate attendance records in each assigned class and study hall. It is also the teacher's responsibility to be familiar with all procedures governing attendance and to apply these procedures uniformly. It is also the teacher's responsibility to provide any student who has been absent with any missed assignments upon request. Finally, it is the teacher's responsibility to work cooperatively with the student's parent or guardian and the student to solve any attendance problems that may arise.

4. Administrator's Responsibility

a. It is the administrator's responsibility to require students to attend all assigned classes and study halls. It is also the administrator's responsibility to be familiar with all procedures governing attendance and to apply these procedures uniformly to all students, to maintain accurate records on student attendance, and to prepare a list of the previous day's absences stating the status of each. Finally, it is the administrator's responsibility to inform the student's parent or guardian of the student's attendance and to work cooperatively with them and the student to solve attendance problems.

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b. In accordance with the Minnesota Compulsory Instruction Law, Minn. Stat. § 120A.22, the students of the school district are REQUIRED to attend all assigned classes and/or study halls every day school is in session, unless the student has been excused by a school administrator from attendance because the student has already completed state and school district standards required to graduate from high school, has withdrawn, or has a valid excuse for absence.

B. <u>Attendance Procedures</u>

Attendance procedures are included in all student handbooks. These handbooks shall be presented to the School Board for review and approval.

IV. REQUIRED REPORTING

A. <u>Continuing Truant</u>

Minn. Stat. § 260A.02 provides that a continuing truant is a student who is subject to the compulsory instruction requirements of Minn. Stat. § 120A.22 and is absent from instruction in a school, as defined in Minn. Stat. § 120A.05, without valid excuse within a single school year for:

- 1. Three days if the child is in elementary school; or
- 2. Three or more class periods on three days if the child is in middle school, junior high school, or high school.
- B. <u>Reporting Responsibility</u>

When a student is initially classified as a continuing truant, Minn. Stat. § 260A.03 provides that the school attendance officer or other designated school official shall notify the student's parent or legal guardian, by first class mail or other reasonable means, of the following:

- 1. That the child is truant;
- 2. That the parent or guardian should notify the school if there is a valid excuse for the child's absences;
- 3. That the parent or guardian is obligated to compel the attendance of the child at school pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 120A.22 and parents or guardians who fail to meet this obligation may be subject to prosecution under Minn. Stat. § 120A.34;

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- 4. That this notification serves as the notification required by Minn. Stat. § 120A.34;
- 5. That alternative educational programs and services may be available in the child's enrolling or resident district;
- 6. That the parent or guardian has the right to meet with appropriate school personnel to discuss solutions to the child's truancy;
- 7. That if the child continues to be truant, the parent and child may be subject to juvenile court proceedings under Minn. Stat. Ch. 260;
- 8. That if the child is subject to juvenile court proceedings, the child may be subject to suspension, restriction, or delay of the child's driving privilege pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 260C.201; and